

High accuracy thermistor

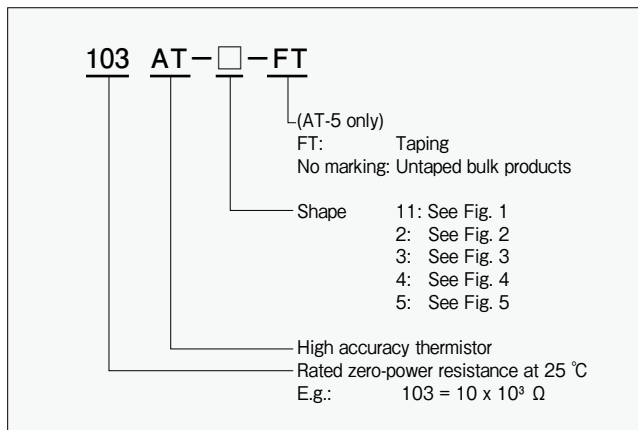
AT Thermistor

The AT series thermistor features high accuracy with tight resistance and B-value tolerances ($\pm 1\%$).

Features:

- Uniform shape facilitates automated assembly
- Long term reliability
- Five different standard shapes available

Product number explanation

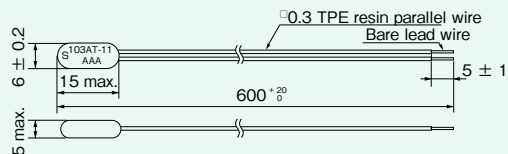


Applications

Office automation, measuring instruments, controllers, mobile devices, battery chargers, battery packs, fan motors, home electronics, HVAC equipment, solar systems, security, thermometers, automotive, vending machines, refrigerated display cases, agricultural equipment

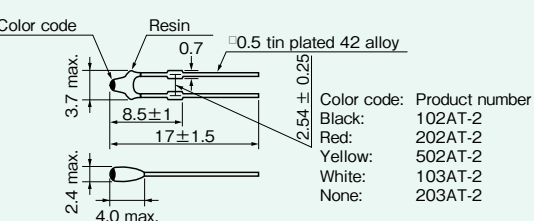
Dimensions

Fig. 1



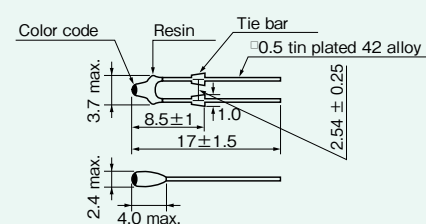
Unit: mm

Fig. 2



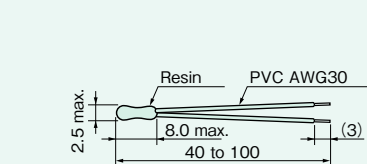
Unit: mm

Fig. 3



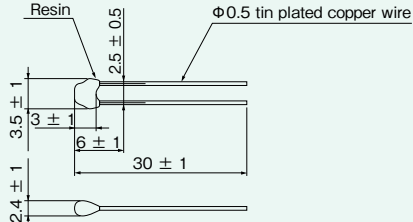
Unit: mm

Fig. 4



Unit: mm

Fig. 5



Unit: mm

Specifications

Product number	R_{25}^1	R_{25} tolerance	B value ²	Dissipation factor (mw / °C)	Thermal time constant (s) ³	Rated power at 25 °C (mW)	Operating temperature range (°C)
102AT-11	1.00 kΩ	$\pm 1\%$	3100 K $\pm 1\%$	approx. 2.6	approx. 75	13	- 50 to 90
202AT-11	2.00 kΩ		3182 K $\pm 1\%$				
502AT-11	5.00 kΩ		3324 K $\pm 1\%$				- 50 to 105
103AT-11	10.0 kΩ		3435 K $\pm 1\%$				
203AT-11	20.0 kΩ		4013 K $\pm 1\%$				
102AT-2	1.00 kΩ		3100 K $\pm 1\%$	approx. 2.0	approx. 15	10	- 50 to 90
202AT-2	2.00 kΩ		3182 K $\pm 1\%$				- 50 to 110
502AT-2	5.00 kΩ		3324 K $\pm 1\%$				
103AT-2,3	10.0 kΩ		3435 K $\pm 1\%$				
203AT-2	20.0 kΩ		4013 K $\pm 1\%$				
103AT-4	10.0 kΩ		3435 K $\pm 1\%$	approx. 2.5	approx. 10	12.5	- 30 to 90
103AT-5	10.0 kΩ		3435 K $\pm 1\%$		approx. 15		- 50 to 110

¹: Rated zero-power resistance at 25 °C ²: B value calculated from rated zero-power resistance at 25 °C and 85 °C

³: Time required to reach 63.2% of temperature difference. Measured with sensor suspended in mid-air.

Reliability data

Item	Test conditions		Criteria
Resistance to soldering heat	AT-2, 3, 4	10 s at 260 °C or 3.5 s at 350 °C	$\Delta R, \Delta B \pm 1\%$
	AT-5	5 s at 260 °C or 1.5 s at 350 °C	
Solderability	AT-2, 3	2 s at 245 °C. Flux material: Rosin 25%, ethyl alcohol 75%.	More than 90% soldered
	AT-4, 5	2 s at 235 °C. Flux material: Rosin 25%, ethyl alcohol 75%.	
Tensile strength (lead wire)	AT-11	10 s at 30 N (horizontal pull)	
	AT-2, 3	A load of 2 N is applied to the wire terminations in vertical direction for 10 s (see Fig. 1)	
	AT-4	60 s at 5 N (horizontal pull)	
	AT-5	A load of 2 N is applied to the wire terminations in vertical direction for 3 s (see Fig. 1)	
Termination bending	AT-11	5 N, ten times, 90°	$\Delta R, \Delta B \pm 1\%$ and visual inspection
	AT-2, 3	One time, 90°	
	AT-4	1 N, five times, 90°	
	AT-5	2.5 N, two times, 90°	
Free fall	AT-11, 2, 3	Three times natural fall to a maple board from 1 m height.	
	AT-4	Three times natural fall to a maple board from 0.75 m height.	
	AT-5	One time natural fall to a maple board from 1 m height.	
Voltage proof	AT-11, 2, 3, 5	1000 V AC for one minute	Less than 1 mA
	AT-4	100 V DC for one second	
Insulation resistance	AT-11, 2, 3, 5	500 V DC	Over 100 MΩ
	AT-4	100 V DC	
Dry heat	AT-11	1000 hours at 105 °C (90 °C ⁴)	
	AT-2, 3, 5	1000 hours at 110 °C (90 °C ⁴)	
	AT-4	1000 hours at 90 °C	
Damp heat (under electrical load)	AT-11	1000 hours at 70 °C and 90% humidity Electrical load: 1 mA DC	
	AT-2, 3, 4, 5	1000 hours at 40 °C and 90% humidity Electrical load: 1 mA DC	
Temperature cycle (thermal shock)	AT-11	100 cycles as below: 1. - 55 °C for 30 minutes 3. 85 °C for 30 minutes 2. Room temperature for 3 minutes 4. Room temperature for 3 minutes	$\Delta R, \Delta B \pm 1\%$
	AT-2, 3	100 cycles as below: 1. - 30 °C for 30 minutes 3. 90 °C for 30 minutes 2. Room temperature for 3 minutes 4. Room temperature for 3 minutes	
	AT-4	100 cycles as below: 1. - 20 °C for 30 minutes 3. 70 °C for 30 minutes 2. Room temperature for 1 minute 4. Room temperature for 1 minute	
	AT-5	100 cycles as below: 1. - 30 °C for 30 minutes 3. 90 °C for 30 minutes 2. Room temperature for 3 minutes 4. Room temperature for 3 minutes	

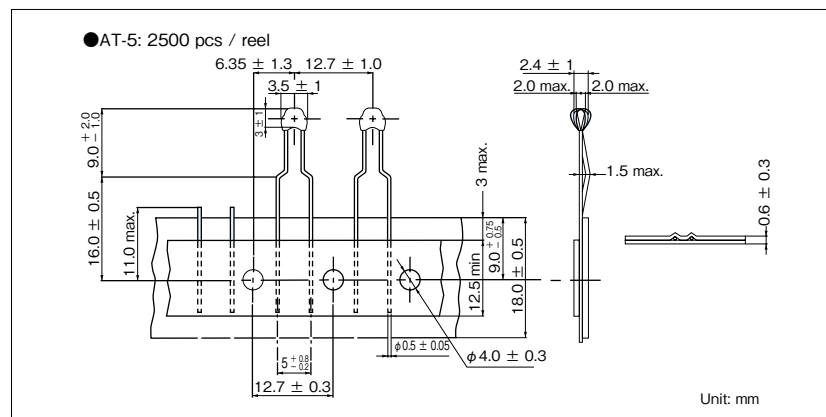
⁴: Conditions for 102AT-11, 202AT-11, 102AT-2, 202AT-2

Resistance / temperature characteristics

Temperature (°C)	Product number				
	102AT	202AT	502AT	103AT	203AT
- 50	24.46	55.66	154.6	329.5	1253
- 40	14.43	32.34	88.91	188.5	642.0
- 30	8.834	19.48	52.87	111.3	342.5
- 20	5.594	12.11	32.44	67.77	190.0
- 10	3.651	7.763	20.48	42.47	109.1
0	2.449	5.114	13.29	27.28	64.88
10	1.684	3.454	8.840	17.96	39.71
20	1.184	2.387	6.013	12.09	24.96
25	1.000	2.000	5.000	10.00	20.00
30	0.8486	1.684	4.179	8.313	16.12
40	0.6189	1.211	2.961	5.827	10.65
50	0.4587	0.8854	2.137	4.160	7.181
60	0.3446	0.6587	1.567	3.020	4.943
70	0.2622	0.4975	1.168	2.228	3.464
80	0.1999	0.3807	0.8835	1.668	2.468
85	0.1751	0.3346	0.7722	1.451	2.096
90	0.1536	0.2949	0.6771	1.266	1.788
100			0.5265	0.9731	1.315
110			0.4128	0.7576	0.9807
B _{25/85}	3100 K	3182 K	3324 K	3435 K	4013 K

Unit: kΩ

Taping dimensions



Caution

AT-2, 3, 5

- When bending the lead wires using for example a radio plier make sure to have a minimum distance from the sensor head of 3 mm.
- Do not apply a mechanical load of more than 2 N in the way depicted in Fig. 1 below. The variation of the load direction should be less than 0.3 mm (see Fig. 2).

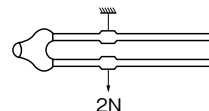


Fig. 1



Fig. 2

- When soldering make sure to have a minimum distance of 5 mm (8.5 mm), use a soldering iron with 50 W and solder for maximum 7 (2) seconds at 340 °C (350 °C). If you plan to cut the lead wire shorter than the above minimum distance please contact us.

The values in brackets are for AT-5.