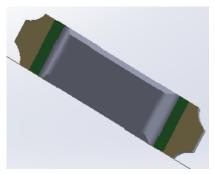


	客	户(Custom	ner):_			
承认书						
Approva	1 Sheet					
谨致执事者:	兹提供敝公司之 同时敬请送返-			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
•	sed in sending to us one copy	•	•			approval.
型号 (Model	No) · A-SI	P170SV3C-4	.∩1-4C			
发文日期(Is	•			(Approved	Date):	
C	Checking sign	ature of Amid	cc Appr	oval signatur	e of custome	er
Designer	Checker	Approver		Designer	Checker	Approver
Katryn						
江苏欧密格光电科技股份有限公司 Jiangsu Amicc Opto-Electronics Technology Co.,Ltd. 地址: 江苏省常州市武进区武南中路 98 号 Add: 98.Wu Nan Road, Wujin, Changzhou city, Jiangsu Province TEL:0086-519-89806999 FAX:0086-519-86523668						



Mono-Color Type Side view 0805Package

A-SP170SY3C-A01-4C



Features

- 0805 package
- · Side view LED
- Compatible with infrared and vapor phase reflow solder process.
- Wide viewing angle
- Pb-free
- RoHS compliant

Description

The Amicc170S package has high efficacy, high power consumption, wide viewing angle and a compact form factor. These features make this package an ideal LED for all lighting applications.

Applications

- · General lighting
- · Decorative and Entertainment Lighting
- Indicators
- AutomotiveTelecommunication
- · Switch lights

2

Device Selection Guide

Chip Materials	Emitted Color	Resin Color
AlGalnP	Yellow	Water Clear



Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_{Soldering}$ =25 $^{\circ}$ C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Forward Current	I _F	25	mA	
Peak Forward Current (Duty 1/10 @1ms)	I _{FP}	60	mA	
Power Dissipation	P_d	70	mW	
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	-40 ~ +85	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-40 ~ +100	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	
Electrostatic Discharge(HBM)	ESD	2000	V	
Soldering Temperature	т	Reflow Soldering : 260 °C for 10 sec.		
Coldening reimperature	T_{sol}	Hand Soldering : 350 ℃ 1	or 3 sec.	

Note:

The products are sensitive to static electricity and must be carefully taken when handlingproducts.

Electro-Optical Characteristics (T_{Soldering}=25℃)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Luminous Intensity	I_V	72		180	mcd	I _F =20mA
Peak Wavelength	λ_{p}		590		nm	I _F =20mA
Dominant Wavelength	λ_{d}	582.5		591.5	nm	I _F =20mA
Forward Voltage	V_{F}	1.75		2.35	V	I _F =20mA
iewing Angle	2θ _{1/2}		120		deg	I _F =20mA
Reverse Current	I _R			10	μA	V _R =5V

Notes:

3

- 1. Tolerance of Luminous Intensity ±10%.
- 2. Tolerance of Dominant Wavelength: ±1nm.
- 3. Tolerance of Forward Voltage: ±0.1V.



Bin Range of Luminous Intensity

Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Q	72	112	mod	I _F =20mA
R	112	180	mcd	IF-ZUIIIA

Note:

Tolerance of Luminous Intensity: ±10%.

Bin Range of Dominant Wavelength

Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Y2	582.5	585.5		
Y3	585.5	588.5	nm	I _F =20mA
Y4	588.5	591.5	•	

Note:

Tolerance of Dominant Wavelength: ±1nm.

Bin Range of Forward Voltage

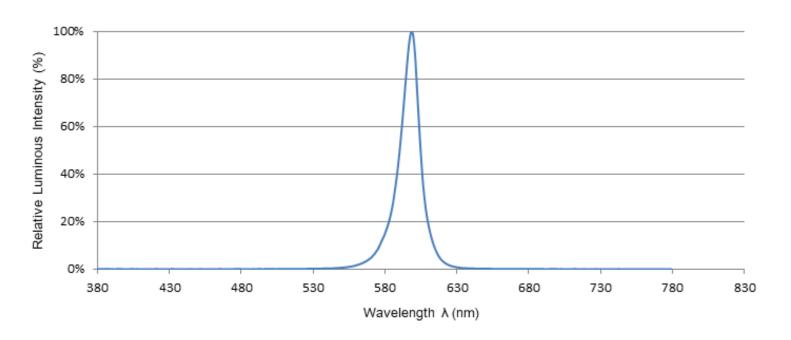
Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
0	1.75	1.95		
1	1.95	2.15	V	I _F =20mA
2	2.15	2.35	_	

Note:

Tolerance of Forward Voltage: ±0.1V.



Spectrum Distribution



Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves

Fig.1-Forword Voltage Shift vs.
Juntion Temperature

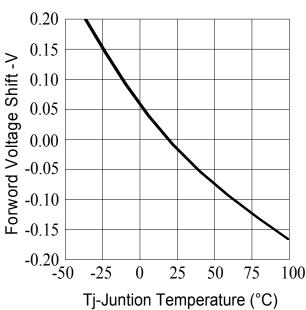
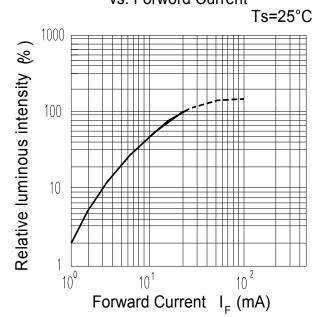


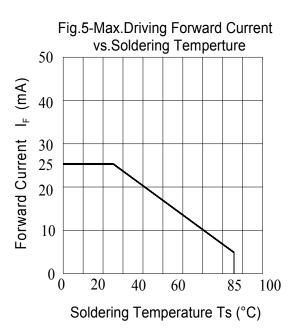
Fig.2-Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

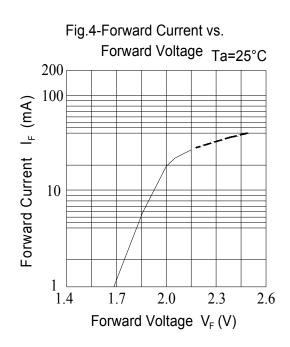


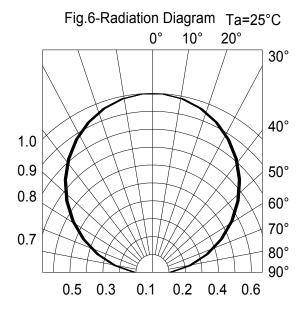


Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves

Fig.3-Relative Luminous Intensity vs.Juntion Temperature 1.4 Relative luminous intensity (%) 1.2 1.0 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2 _____ -25 25 50 75 100 Tj-Juntion Temperature (°C)

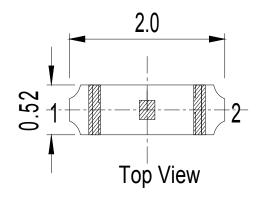


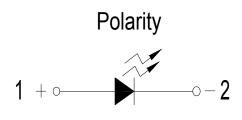


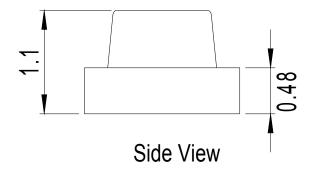


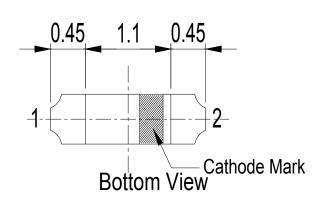


Package Dimension

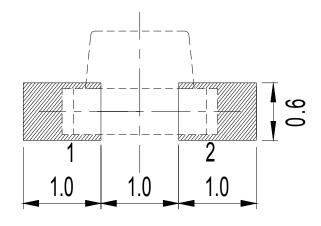








Recommended Solder Pad

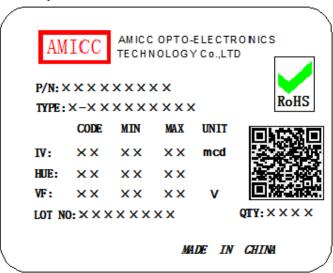


Note:

Tolerance unless mentioned is ± 0.1 mm,Unit = mm.

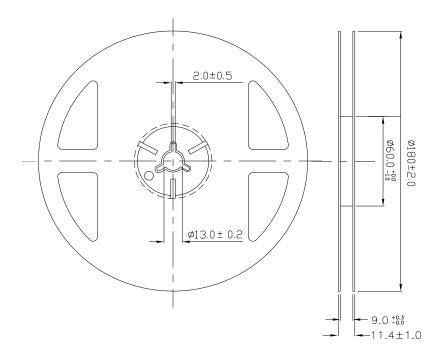


Moisture Resistant Packing Materials Label Explanation



- CPN: Customer's Product Number
- P/N: Product Number
- TYPE :Part NO.
- IV: Luminous Intensity Rank
- · HUE: Chromaticity Coordinates Rank
- · VF: Forward Voltage Rank
- LOT NO.: Lot Number
- · QTY: Packing Quantity

Reel Dimensions

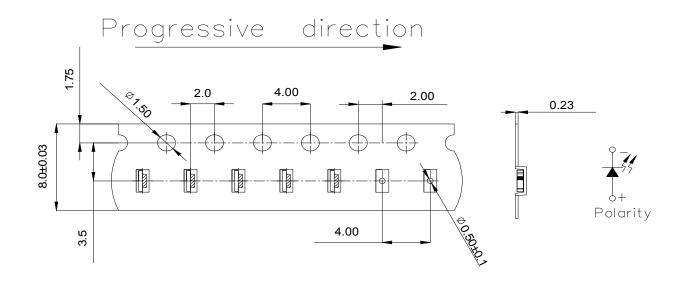


Note:

Tolerances unless mentioned ±0.1mm,Unit = mm.



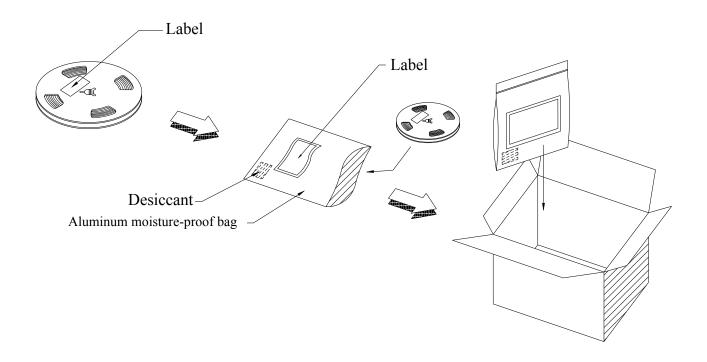
Carrier Tape Dimensions: Loaded Quantity 4000 pcs Per Reel



Note:

- 1. Tolerance unless mentioned is ± 0.1 mm, Unit = mm.
- 2. Minimum packing amount is 1000/2000/3000 pcs per reel.

Moisture Resistant Packing Process





Reliability Test Items and Conditions

The reliability of products shall be satisfied with items listed below.

Confidence level: 90%

LTPD: 10%

No.	Items	Test Condition	Test Hours/Cycles	Sample Size	Ac/Re
1	Reflow Soldering	Temp. : 260°C/10sec.	6 Min.	22 PCS.	0/1
2	Thermal Shock	H : +100℃ 5min ∫ 10 sec L : -10℃ 5min	300 Cycles	22 PCS.	0/1
3	Temperature Cycle	H : +100℃ 15min ∫ 5 min L : -40℃ 15min	300 Cycles	22 PCS.	0/1
4	High Temperature/Humidity Reverse Bias	Ta=85℃,85%RH	1000 Hrs.	22 PCS.	0/1
5	Low Temperature Storage	Ta=-40°C	1000 Hrs.	22 PCS.	0/1
6	High Temperature Storage	Ta=100°C	1000 Hrs.	22 PCS.	0/1
7	DC Operation Life	Ta=25℃ , I _F = 20 mA	1000 Hrs.	22 PCS.	0/1



Precautions for Use

1. Over-current-proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection; otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).

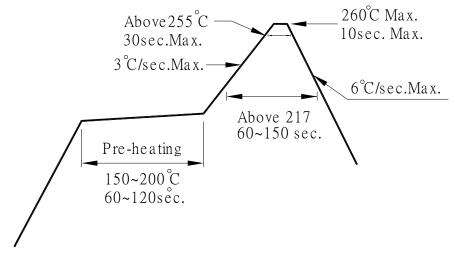
2. Storage

- 2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.
- 2.2 Before opening the package: The LEDs should be kept at 30℃ or less and 90%RH or less.
- 2.3 After opening the package: The LED's floor life is1 year under 30℃ or less and 60% RH or less. If unused LEDs remain, it should be stored in moisture proof packages.
- 2.4 If the moisture absorbent material (silica gel) has faded away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed using the following conditions.

 Baking treatment: 60±5℃ for 24 hours.

3. Soldering Condition

3.1 Pb-free solder temperature profile



- 3.2 Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- 3.3 When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- 3.4 After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.

4. Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than 350°C for 3 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

5. Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.

