1MHz,24V/3A High Performance, Boost Converter

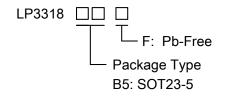
General Description

The LP3318 is a boost DC-DC converter. Its PWM circuitry with built-in 1.5A current power MOSFET makes this converter highly power efficiently. The LP3318 implements a constant frequency 1MHz PWM control scheme. The high frequency PWM operation also saves board space by reducing external component sizes. The LP3318 features automatic shifting to pulse frequency modulation mode at light loads.Highly integration and internal compensation network minimizes as 6 external component counts. Optimized operation frequency can meet the requirement of small LC filters value and low operation current with high efficiency.

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The LP3318 includes under-voltage lockout, current limiting, and thermal overload protection to prevent damage in the event of an output overload. The LP3318 is available in a small 5-pin SOT23-5 package.

Order Information



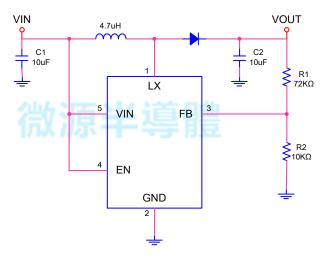
Applications

- ♦ Battery products
- ♦ Host Products
- ♦ Panel

Features

- ◆ 2.7V-6V Input voltage
- ◆ Up to 94% efficiency
- Shut-down current:<1uA
- Output voltage Up to 36V
- Internal Compensation, Soft-start
- ◆ 1MHz fixed frequency switching
- High switch on current:1.5A
- Available in SOT23-5 Package

Typical Application Circuit



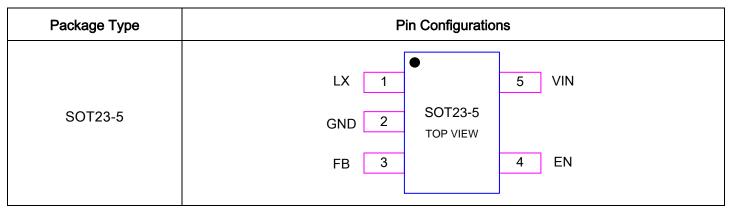
Marking Information

| Device | Marking | Package | Shipping | |
|--|---------|---------|----------|--|
| LP3318B5F | LPS | SOT23-5 | 3K/REEL | |
| | FrYWX | | | |
| Marking indication: | | | | |
| V. Des durations are M/. Des durations are all V. Des durations is a table | | | | |

Y:Production year W:Production week X:Production batch



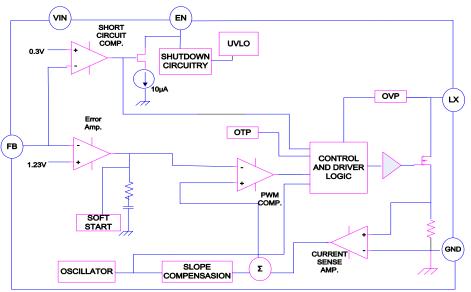
Functional Pin Description



Pin Description

| Pin | Name | Description |
|-----|------|---|
| 4 | | Output Switching Node. LX is the drain of the internal low-side N-Channel MOSFET and |
| 1 | LX | high-side P-Channel MOSFET. Connect the inductor to LX to Complete the step-up converter. |
| 2 | GND | Ground. |
| | 50 | Regulation Feedback Input. Connect to an external resistive voltage divider from the output to |
| 3 | FB | FB to set the output voltage. |
| | | Regulator On/off Control Input. A logic high input(V _{EN} >1.4V) turns on the regulator. A logic low |
| 4 | EN | input(V _{EN} <0.4V) puts the LP3318 into low current shutdown mode. |
| 5 | VIN | Power Supply pin. |

Function Block Diagram





Absolute Maximum Ratings Note 1

| \diamond | VIN&FB&EN Pin to GND0.3V to 8V |
|------------|--|
| \diamond | LX to GND0.3V to 45V |
| \diamond | Maximum Junction Temperature 150°C |
| \diamond | Operating Junction Temperature Range (T _J) |
| \diamond | Maximum Soldering Temperature (at leads, 10 sec) 260°C |
| \diamond | Storage Temperature Range −65°C to 165°C |

Note 1. Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Thermal Information

| \diamond | Maximum Power Dissipation (P _D ,T _A =25°C) | 0.5W |
|------------|---|---------|
| \diamond | Thermal Resistance | 250°C/W |

ESD Susceptibility

| \diamond | HBM(Human Body Mode) 21 | 2KV |
|------------|-------------------------|-----|
| ¢ | MM(Machine Mode) 20 | 00V |

Electrical Characteristics

(Vin=3.3V,Vout=10V,Cin=10uF,Cout=10uF,L=4.7uH)

| Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Units |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----|------|-----|-------|
| Supply Voltage | | 2.7 | | 6 | V |
| Input Under Voltage Lock Out | V _{IN} rising | | 2.3 | | V |
| UVLO Hysteresis Voltage | | | 0.2 | | V |
| Output Voltage Range | | 2.7 | | 36 | V |
| Supply Current(Shutdown) | V _{EN} = 0V | | 1 | | uA |
| Supply Current | V _{EN} =HIGH,VFB=1.3V | | 400 | | uA |
| Feedback Voltage | | | 1.23 | | V |
| Feedback Input Current | | | 50 | | nA |
| Switching Frequency | | | 1 | | MHz |
| Maximum Duty Cycle | | 85 | 90 | 95 | % |
| EN Input Low Voltage | | | | 0.4 | V |
| EN Input High Voltage | | 1.4 | | | V |
| High-side On Resistance | V _{IN} =5V | | 400 | | mΩ |
| MOSFET Current | | | 1.5 | | А |

Operation Information

The LP3318 uses a boost regulator architecture to regulate voltage at the feedback pin. At the start of each oscillator cycle the MOSFET is turned on through the control circuitry. When this voltage equals The output voltage of the error amplifier the power MOSFET is turned off. The voltage at the output of the error amplifier is an amplified version of the difference between the 1.23V bandgap reference voltage and the feedback voltage. In this way the peak current level keeps the output in regulation. If the feedback voltage starts to drop, the output of the error amplifier increases. These results in more current to flow through the power MOSFET, thus increasing the power delivered to the output. TheLP3318 has internal soft start to limit the amount of input current at startup and to also limit the amount of overshoot on the output.

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Current Limitation

The internal power-MOS switch current is monitored cycle-by-cycle and is limited to the value not exceed 1.5A (Typ.). When the switch current reaches the limited value, the internal power-MOS is turned off immediately until the next cycle.

Setting the Output Voltage

Set the output voltage by selecting the resistive voltage divider ratio. The voltage divider drops the output voltage to the 1.23V feedback voltage. Use a 100K resistor for R2 of the voltage divider. Determine the high-side resistor R1 by the equation:

$$V_{OUT} = \left(\frac{R_1}{R_2} + 1\right) \times V_{FB}$$

Inductor Selection

For a better efficiency in high switching frequency converter, the inductor selection has to use a proper core material such as ferrite core to reduce the core loss and choose low ESR wire to reduce copper loss. The most important point is to prevent the core saturated when handling the maximum peak current. Using a shielded inductor can minimize radiated noise in sensitive applications. The maximum peak inductor current is the maximum input current plus the half of inductor ripple current. The calculated peak current has to be smaller than the current limitation in the electrical characteristics. A typical setting of the inductor ripple current is 20% to 40% of the maximum input current. If the selection is 40%, the maximum peak inductor current is

 $I_{PEAK} = I_{IN(MAX)} + 0.5 \times I_{RIPPLE} = 1.2 \times I_{IN(MAX)}$

$$= 1.2 \times \left(\frac{I_{OUT(MAX)} - V_{OUT}}{\eta \times V_{IN(MIN)}}\right)$$

The minimum inductance value is derived from the following equation:

$$L = \frac{\eta \times V_{IN(MIN)}^{2} \times (V_{OUT} - V_{IN(MIN)})}{0.4 \times I_{OUT(MAX)} \times V_{OUT}^{2} \times f_{OSC}}$$

Depending on the application, the recommended inductor value is between 4.7μ H to 10μ H.

Diode Selection

To achieve high efficiency, Shottky diode is good choice for low forward drop voltage and fast switching time. The output diode rating should be able to handle the maximum output voltage, average power dissipation and the pulsating diode peak current.

Input Capacitor Selection

For better input bypassing, low-ESR ceramic capacitors are recommended for performance. A 10µF input capacitor is sufficient for most applications.

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Output Capacitor Selection

For lower output voltage ripple, low-ESR ceramic capacitors are recommended. The tantalum capacitors can be used as well, but the ESR is bigger than ceramic capacitor. The output voltage ripple consists of two components: one is the pulsating output ripple current flows through the ESR, and the other is the capacitive ripple caused by charging and discharging.

Layout Guideline

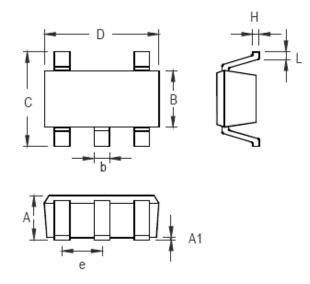
For high frequency switching power supplies, the PCB layout is important step in system application design. In order to let IC achieve good regulation, high efficiency and stability, it is strongly recommended the power components should be placed as close as possible. The set races should be wide and short. The feedback pin and then works of feedback and compensation should keep away from the power loops, and be shielded with a ground trace or plane to prevent noise coupling.

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Package Information





| Gumbal | Dimensions In Millimeters | | Dimensions In Inches | | |
|--------|---------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|-------|--|
| Symbol | Min | Max | Min | Max | |
| А | 0.889 | 1.295 | 0.035 | 0.051 | |
| A1 | 0.000 | 0.152 | 0.000 | 0.006 | |
| В | 1.397 | 1.803 | 0.055 | 0.071 | |
| b | 0.356 | 0.559 | 0.014 | 0.022 | |
| С | 2.591 | 2.997 | 0.102 | 0.118 | |
| D | 2.692 | 3.099 | 0.106 | 0.122 | |
| е | 0.838 | 1.041 | 0.033 | 0.041 | |
| Н | 0.080 | 0.254 | 0.003 | 0.010 | |
| L | 0.300 | 0.610 | 0.012 | 0.024 | |

SOT-23-5 Surface Mount Package