



# Pico Xinger 20dB Directional Coupler





Features:

2300-2700 MHz MMDS and WLAN Very Low Loss High Directivity Surface Mountable Tape And Reel Lead Free

### **Description:**

The 1P620S Pico Xinger is a low profile, miniature 20dB directional coupler in an easy to use surface mount package designed for MMDS and WLAN applications. The 1P620S is for power and frequency detection as well as power injection. The 1P620S is an ideal solution for the ever-increasing demands of the wireless industry for smaller printed circuit boards and high performance.

Parts have been subjected to rigorous qualification testing and units are 100% tested. They are manufactured using materials with x and y thermal expansion coefficients compatible with common substrates such as FR4, G-10, RF-35, RO4003 and polyimide. Available in 6 of 6 RoHS compliant tin immersion (1P620S).

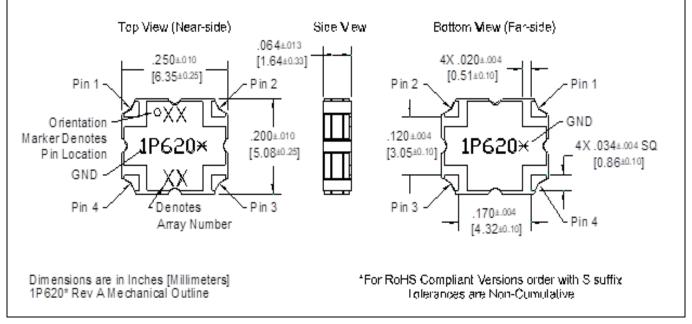
# **Electrical Specifications\*\***

Mean Coupling	Insertion Loss	VSWR	
dB	dB Max	Max : 1	
$20 \pm 0.75$	0.25	1.22	
Directivity	Power Handling	Operating Temp.	
dB Min	Avg. CW Watts @85°C	°C	
20	25	-55 to +150	
	dB 20 ± 0.75 <b>Directivity</b> dB Min	Mean CouplingLossdBdB Max20 ± 0.750.25DirectivityPower HandlingdB MinAvg. CW Watts @85°C	

\*\*Specification based on performance of unit properly installed on microstrip

printed circuit boards with 50  $\Omega$  nominal impedance. Specifications subject to change without notice.





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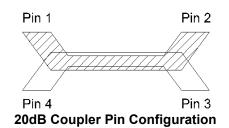
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# Hybrid Coupler Pin Configuration

The 1P620S has an orientation marker to denote Pin 1. Once port one has been identified the other ports are known automatically. Please see the chart below for clarification:



Pin 1	Pin 2	Pin 3	Pin 4
Input	Direct	Isolated	Coupled
Direct	Input	Coupled	Isolated

Note: The direct port has a DC connection to the input port and the coupled port has a DC connection to the isolated port.

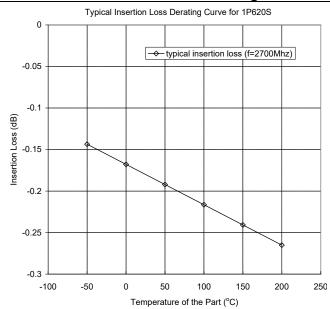
For optimum IL and power handling performance, use Pin 1 or Pin 2 as inputs.

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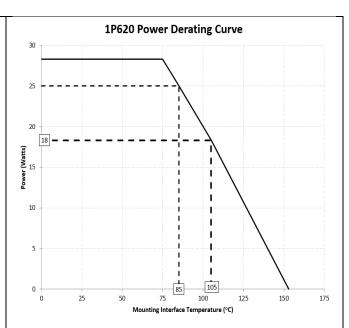


### Insertion Loss and Power Derating Curves



#### **Insertion Loss Derating**

The insertion loss, at a given frequency, of a group of couplers is measured at 25°C and then averaged. The measurements are performed under small signal conditions (i.e. using a Vector Network Analyzer). The process is repeated at 85°C and 150°C. A best-fit line for the measured data is computed and then plotted from -55°C to 150°C.



#### **Power Derating**

The power handling and corresponding power derating plots are a function of the thermal resistance, mounting surface temperature (base plate temperature), maximum continuous operating temperature of the coupler, and the thermal insertion loss. The thermal insertion loss is defined in the Power Handling section of the data sheet.

As the mounting interface temperature approaches the maximum continuous operating temperature, the power handling decreases to zero.

If mounting temperature is greater than 85°C, Xinger coupler will perform reliably as long as the input power is derated to the curve above.

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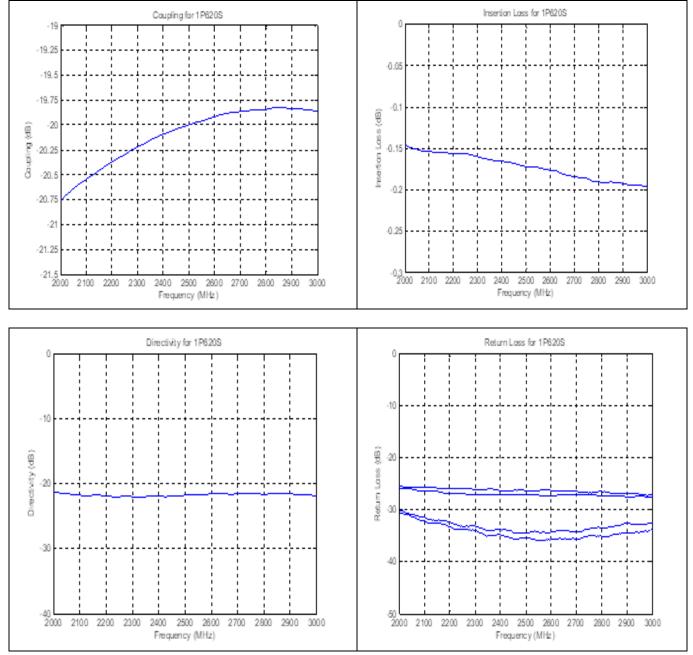
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# Typical Performance (25°C): 2000-3000 MHz



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# **Definition of Measured Specifications**

Parameter	Definition	Mathematical Representation
VSWR (Voltage Standing Wave Ratio)	The impedance match of the coupler to a $50\Omega$ system. A VSWR of 1:1 is optimal.	$VSWR = \frac{V_{max}}{V_{min}}$ Vmax = voltage maxima of a standing wave Vmin = voltage minima of a standing wave
Return Loss	The impedance match of the coupler to a 50Ω system. Return Loss is an alternate means to express VSWR.	Return Loss(dB) = $20\log \frac{VSWR + 1}{VSWR - 1}$
Mean Coupling	At a given frequency (ωn), coupling is the input power divided by the power at the coupled port. Mean coupling is the average value of the coupling values in the band. N is the number of frequencies in the band.	Coupling(dB) = C( $\omega_n$ ) = 10log $\frac{P_{in}(\omega_n)}{P_{cpl}(\omega_n)}$ Mean Coupling(dB) = $\frac{\sum_{n=1}^{N} C(\omega_n)}{N}$
Insertion Loss	The input power divided by the sum of the power at the two output ports.	Insertion Loss(dB) = 10log $\frac{P_{in}}{P_{cpl} + P_{direct}}$
Transmission Loss	The input power divided by the power at the direct port.	$10\log \frac{P_{in}}{P_{direct}}$
Directivity	The power at the coupled port divided by the power at the isolated port.	$10\log \frac{P_{cpl}}{P_{iso}}$
Frequency Sensitivity	The decibel difference between the maximum in band coupling value and the mean coupling, and the decibel difference between the minimum in band coupling value and the mean coupling.	Max Coupling (dB) – Mean Coupling (dB) and Min Coupling (dB) – Mean Coupling (dB)

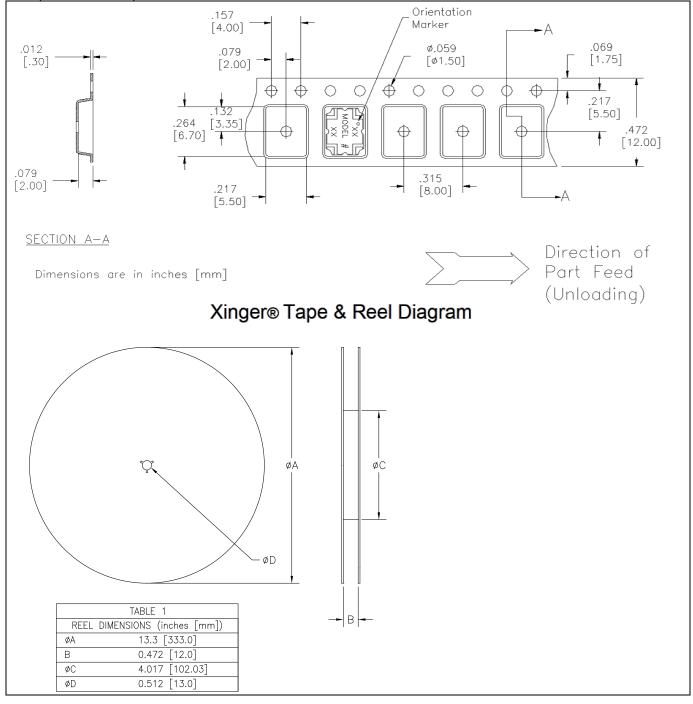
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#### Packaging and Ordering Information:

Packaging follows EIA-481-2. Parts are oriented in tape as shown below. Minimum order quantities are 2000 per reel and 77 per tube.



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